

UNITED STATES PLANT PATENT APPLICATION

of

L. PERNILLE AND MOGENS N. OLESEN

for

ROSE PLANT NAMED

'POULpm003'

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

### BOTANICAL CLASSIFICATION

*Rosa hybrid*

### VARIETY DENOMINATION

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'Poulpm003'

The present invention constitutes a new and distinct variety of garden rose plant which originated from a controlled crossing between the female seed parent, an un-named seedling, and the male pollen parent, 'FRYjingo', a non-patented rose variety. The two parents were crossed during the summer of 1993 and the resulting seeds were planted in a controlled environment in Fredensborg, Denmark. The new variety is named 'Poulpm003'.

The new variety may be distinguished from its female seed parent, an un-named seedling, by the following combination of characteristics:

1. While the seed parent has an open flower size of 100-130 mm, 'Poulpm003' is 80 mm.
2. The seed parent has a higher average petal count than 'Poulpm003'.

The new variety may be distinguished from its male pollen parent, 'FRYjingo' by the following combination of characteristics:

1. While the pollen parent has more orange

and red pigment in the flower color than  
'Poulpm003'.

2. The pollen parent has more of an uneven growth habit than 'Poulpm003'.

5           The objective of the hybridization of this rose variety was to create a new and distinct variety for garden use with unique qualities, such as:

1. Uniform and abundant yellow flowers;
2. Vigorous, compact, and even growth when  
10           propagated as a budded rose and on its own roots;
3. Disease resistance.

          This combination of qualities is not present in previously available commercial cultivars of this  
15           type, known to the inventors, and distinguish 'Poulpm003' from all other varieties of which we are aware.

          As part of their rose development program, L. Pernille Olesen and Mogens N. Olesen germinated the  
20           seeds from the aforementioned hybridization during winter of 1994 and conducted evaluations on the resulting seedlings in a controlled environment in Fredensborg, Denmark.

          'Poulpm003' was selected in the spring of 1994 by  
25           the inventors as a single plant from the progeny of the aforementioned hybridization.

Asexual reproduction of 'Poulpm003' by traditional budding and rooted cuttings was first done by L. Pernille and Mogens N. Olesen in their nursery in Fredensborg, Denmark in July, 1994. This initial and other subsequent asexual propagations conducted in controlled environments have demonstrated that the characteristics of 'Poulpm003' are true to type and are transmitted from one generation to the next.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The accompanying color illustration shows as true as is reasonably possible to obtain in color photographs of this type, the typical characteristics of the buds, flowers, leaves, and stems, of 'Poulpm003'.

Specifically illustrated in figure 1:

Fig 1.1; Open flower from above, and open flower from the side showing attachment of sepals and peduncle;

Fig 1.2; Flower bud closed, flower bud as sepals unfold, and partially open;

Fig 1.3; Sepals, receptacle, and peduncle;

Specifically illustrated in figure 2:

Fig 2.1; Petals, detached;

Fig 2.2; Juvenile shoot, leaves, and flower

bud exhibiting anthocyanin;  
Fig. 2.3; Mature trifoliate leaf;  
Fig. 2.4; Bare stems.

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**DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY**

The following is a description of 'Poulpm003', as  
observed in its growth in in a field nursery in  
Jackson County, Oregon. Observed plants are 3 years  
of age, and were grown on *Rosa multiflora* understock.  
10 Color references are made using the Royal  
Horticultural Society (London, England) Colour Chart,  
1995, except where common terms of color are used.

For a comparison, several physical characteristics  
of the rose variety 'Wingold', described and  
15 illustrated in U.S. Plant Patent Number 12,739 dated  
July 2, 2002 are compared to 'Poulpm003' in Chart 1.

**CHART 1**

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	'Poulpm003'	'Wingold'
General tonality.	Yellow Group 4D.	Yellow Group 11D.
Petalage.	30 petals	23.
Petal Color upon opening: inner petals upper surface	Yellow Group 6C with light intonations of Yellow-Orange Group 22A at petal margins	Yellow Group 11C

## FLOWER AND FLOWER BUD

Blooming habit: Recurrent.

### Flower bud:

- 5                    Size:                    Upon opening, 30 mm in  
length from base of  
receptacle to end of bud.  
Bud diameter is 20 mm.
- Bud form:                Broad based.
- 10                   Bud color:                As sepals unfold, petals  
are Yellow-Green Group  
150C with intonations of  
Red Group 47B at petal  
margins . At  $\frac{1}{4}$  opening  
petals change color to  
15                   Yellow Group 6C.
- Sepals:
- Upper Surface:
- Color:        Yellow-Green Group 145A.
- 20                              Surface:       Somewhat pubescent.
- Lower Surface:
- Color:        Yellow-Green Group 144A-B.  
Anthocyanic pigments the  
color of Greyed-Red Group  
25                              179A    observed.
- Texture:     Smooth. Stipitate glands



		on the plant of
		approximately 10 to 14
		days. Petals fall cleanly
		away from plant after
5		flowers have fully
		matured.
	Size:	Flower diameter is 80 mm
		when open. Average flower
		depth is 40 mm.
10	Form:	General shape is a deep
		cup, double flower, with
		petals that curve out from
		the center.
	Form:	Viewed from the side:
15		Upon opening, upper part:
		Flat.
		Upon opening, lower part:
		Concave.
		Open flower, upper part:
20		Flat.
		Open flower, lower part:
		Concave.
	Petalage:	30 petals under normal conditions
25		with 3 petaloids.



**Color:**

Upon opening, petals:

Outermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 4D.

5 Inner Side: Yellow Group 4D.

Innermost petals:

10 Outer side: Yellow Group 6C with light  
intonations of Yellow-  
Orange Group 22A at petal  
margins.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 6C with light  
intonations of Yellow-  
Orange Group 22A at petal  
margins.

15 Upon opening, basal petal spots:

No distinctive coloration  
at the petal base  
observed.

After opening, petals:

20 Outermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 4D.

Inner Side: Yellow Group 4D.

Innermost petals:

Outer side: Yellow Group 4D.

25 Inner Side: Yellow Group 4D.

After opening, basal petal spots:

		No distinctive coloration at the petal base observed.
5	<b>General Tonality:</b>	On open flower Yellow Group 4D. No change in the general tonality at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> day.
	<b>Petals:</b>	
	Petal Reflex:	Somewhat reflexed.
10	Margin:	Entire and uniform.
	Shape:	Apex is rounded. Base is rounded, somewhat acute.
	Size:	58 mm (l) 58 mm (w).
	Texture:	Smooth.
15	Thickness:	Thick.
	Arrangement:	Formal.
	<b>Petaloids:</b>	
	Quantity:	1 to 4.
20	Shape:	Apex is rounded. Base is rounded, somewhat acute.
	Color:	Upper and lower surfaces are Yellow Group 4D.
	Size:	45 mm (l) x 35 mm (w).
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**Reproductive Organs:**

	Pollen:	None observed.
	Anthers:	
	Size:	3 mm in length.
5	Color:	Greyed-Yellow Group 160A.
	Quantity:	230 (actual count).
	Filaments:	
	Color:	Yellow-Orange Group 14A to 17A.
10	Length:	7 mm.
	Pistils:	
	Length:	10 mm.
	Quantity:	140 (actual count).
	Stigmas:	Superior in location
15		relative to the length of the filaments and the height of the anthers.
	Color:	Greyed-Yellow Group 160A.
	Styles:	
20	Color:	Green-White Group 157A. Intonations of Red-Purple Group 61C observed.
	Hips:	None Observed in the field nursery in Jackson County
25		Oregon.

## PLANT

- 5      **Plant growth:** Upright to bushy. When grown as a  
budded field grown plant on *Rosa*  
*multiflora* understock, the average  
height of the plant is 60 to 100  
cm. Average spread is 60 to 80 cm.
- 10      **Stems:**
- Color:
- Young wood:      Yellow-Green Group 146C.
- Older wood:      Yellow-Green Group 146C.
- Surface Texture:
- 15      Young wood:      Smooth.
- Older wood:      Smooth.
- Thorns:**
- Incidence:      5 thorns per 10 cm of  
stem.
- 20      Size:      Average length: 8 mm.
- Color:      Greyed-Yellow Group 160A.
- Shape:      Highly convex.
- Plant foliage:**      Normal number of leaflets
- 25      on normal leaves in middle  
of the stem: 5 leaflets.

Compound Leaf size: 150 mm (l) x 90 mm  
(w) .

Color:

Mature Foliage:

5 Upper surface is: Yellow-Green  
Group 146A.

Lower surface is: Yellow-Green  
Group 147C.

Juvenile foliage:

10 Upper surface is: Yellow-Green  
Group 144A.

Lower surface is: Yellow-Green  
Group 144B.

Anthocyanin:

15 Location: Juvenile leaves.

Color: Greyed-Red Group  
178A.

Plant leaves and leaflets:

20 Stipules:

Size: 25 mm long.

Shape: Linear, slightly broad  
based with outward  
extending apices.

25 Quantity: 2 per compound leaf.

Margins: Finely serrated with

medium stipitate glands.

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144A.

Petiole:

Length: 35 mm.

5 Above:

Color: Yellow-Green Group 144C.

Anthocyanin: Upper surface: Greyed-Red  
Group 181C.

Lower surface: Numerous stipitate  
10 glands and thorns  
observed.

Rachis:

Length: 60 mm.

Above:

15 Color: Yellow-Green Group 144C.

Anthocyanin: Upper surface: Greyed-Red  
Group 181C.

Underneath:

Observations: Numerous stipitate  
20 glands and thorns  
observed.

Leaflet:

Edge: Serrated.

25 Size: 50 mm (l) x 40 mm (w).

Shape: Ovate. Bas is rounded.

Apex is acute.

Texture: Smooth.

Thickness: Thick.

Arrangement: Odd pinnate.

5 Venation: Reticulate.

Glossiness: Matte finish.

**Disease resistance:**

10 Above average resistance to mildew, rust, black  
spot, and *Botrytis* under normal growing conditions in  
Jackson County, Oregon.

**Cold Hardiness:**

15 The variety 'Poulpm003' has been found to be cold  
tolerant to USDA Cold Hardiness Zone 6.